

Topic : Length

Learning Area : Computation of Length

Learning Objective : Use and apply fractional computation to problems involving length.

Learning Outcomes : Compute length from a situation expressed in fraction.

Teaching Aids

Duration: 1 hour

Diagrams, number lines, paper strips, scissors, ruler, a roll of string and worksheets.

Set Induction

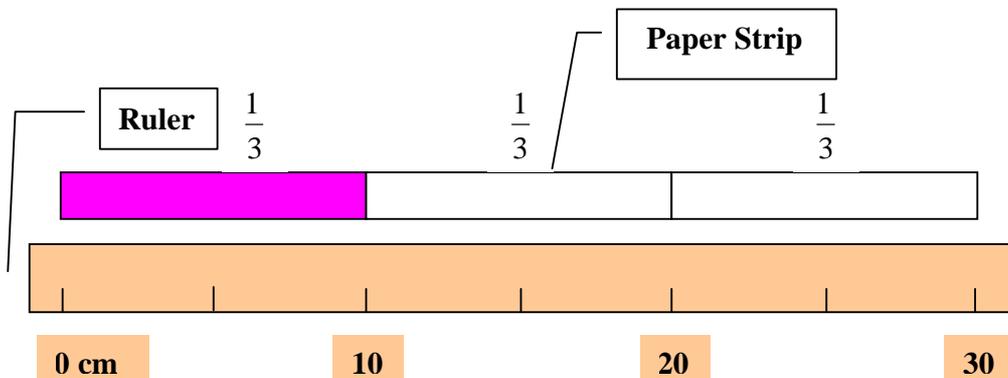
1. Teacher shows a paper strip to model a situation expressed in fraction.
2. Teacher distributes the paper strips to each pupil and gives clear instructions.
3. Pupils do hands-on activity.

Teacher's Instructions:

- *First, measure and cut a paper strip with the length of 30 cm.*
- *Now, fold the paper strip into three equal parts.*
- *Next, colour any one part of the paper strip.*
- *What is the fraction of the coloured part?*
- *Class, what is the length of the part that you have coloured, in cm?*

Expected Answers:

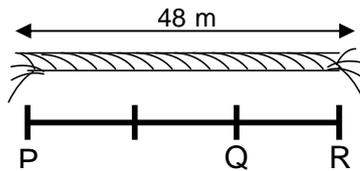
- Teacher guides pupils to answer in full sentence.*
- *The fraction of the coloured part is one third.*
  - *The part that I have coloured is 10cm long.*



Step 1: Solve problem involving computation of length.

Teacher poses the question to the class:

The diagram shows the length of a rope. QR is  $\frac{1}{3}$  of PR.



Calculate the length of PQ in m.

Pupils' Activity:

1. Pupils find the answer by Polya's Model with different methods.

**Understand the problem**

: Length of PR =  m

Length of QR =  of PR

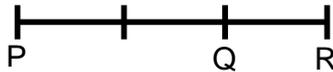
Length of PQ = ?

**Devise a plan**

: Draw a diagram.

Do (−) then (x) / Do (x) then (−) / Do (÷) then (+) / Do (÷) then (x)

**Solve (Method 1):**



$$PR - QR = PQ$$

$$\frac{3}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \times 48 \text{ m} = \underline{\underline{32 \text{ m}}}$$

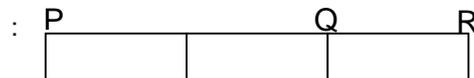
**(Method 2):**  $\frac{1}{3} \times 48 \text{ m}$

$$= 16 \text{ m}$$

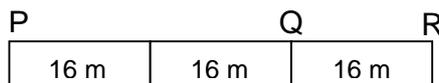
$$48 \text{ m} - 16 \text{ m}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{32 \text{ m}}}$$

**Look back (Method 3)**



$$\begin{array}{r} 16 \text{ m} \\ 3 \overline{)48 \text{ m}} \end{array}$$



$$16 \text{ m} + 16 \text{ m} \quad \text{OR} \quad 16 \text{ m} \times 2$$

$$= \underline{\underline{32 \text{ m}}}$$

Teacher's Instruction:

- *Teacher asks pupils what is the length of PR?*
- *What is the fraction of QR?*
- *What is the length of PQ in metre?*

Expected Answers:

*Teacher guides pupils to answer in full sentences.*

- *48 m.*
- *QR is one third of PR.*
- *PQ is two third of PR*
- *The length of PQ is 32 m.*

Step 2: Solve problem in real context involving of length.

Pupils' Activity:

1. Pupils are divided into groups.
2. Teacher prepares some questions.
3. Each group answers a set of questions by Polya's Model.  
3 steps – Understand the problem, Devise a plan and Solve the problem.
4. The groups pass and rotate their findings to the next group.
5. The groups will check the answer by the 4<sup>th</sup> Step of Polya's Model – Looking back method.
6. Pupils proceed with the next question.

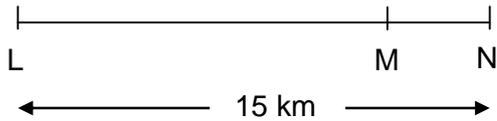
Teacher's Instruction:

- *Alright children, now get into .... groups.*
- *Here are some questions for you to answer.*
- *Each group will answer the question with the first 3-steps of Polya's Model.*
- *You can choose any method to solve the problems.*
- *Then, let the other group to check your answer.*
- *Now, let's practice with more questions.*

Example:

Question 1

The diagram shows three places L, M and N.  
The distance from M to N is  $\frac{1}{5}$  of the distance from L to N.



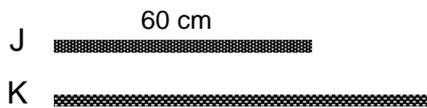
What is the distance from M to N?

Question 2

$\frac{1}{7}$  of 17.5 m of cloth is used to make a curtain. Find the length of the cloth used, in cm.

Question 3

The diagram shows two ropes, J and K. The length of rope K is  $\frac{1}{3}$  longer than the length of rope J.

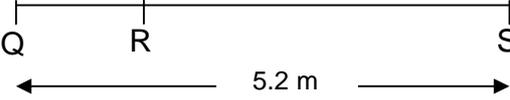
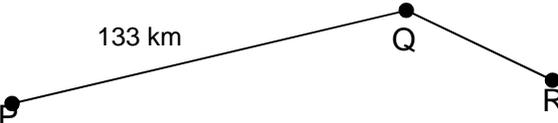
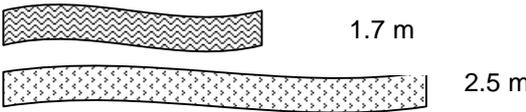


Find the length of rope K, in cm.

Question 4

Azman's height is 1.74 m. Rosli's height is  $\frac{5}{6}$  of Azman's height. Calculate their difference, in cm.

Step 3: Worksheet

<p>1</p>	<p>The diagram shows the length of a string. The length of QR is <math>\frac{1}{4}</math> of the length of QS.</p>  <p>Calculate the length of QR, in m.</p>	
<p>2</p>	<p>The diagram shows the road connecting three villages, P, Q and R. The distance from Q to R is <math>\frac{1}{7}</math> of the distance from P to Q.</p>  <p>What is the total distance P to R, in km?</p>	
<p>3</p>	<p>The diagram shows a straight wooden bar. The length of XY is <math>\frac{1}{4}</math> of the length of XZ.</p>  <p>What is the length of XZ, in m?</p>	
<p>4</p>	<p>The diagram shows the length of two ribbons.</p> <p><math>\frac{2}{3}</math> of their total length is used to tie a present.</p>  <p>Find the length of ribbon used to tie the present, in cm.</p>	

Consolidation

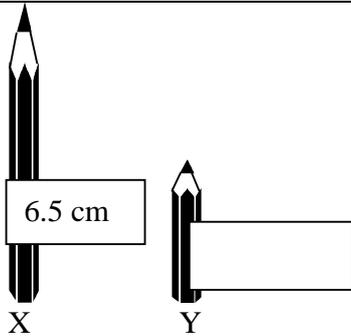
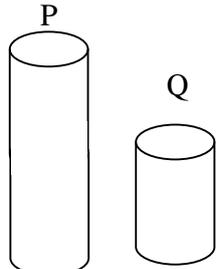
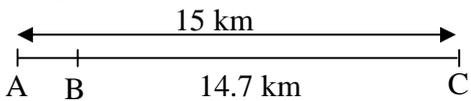
- *Alright, children.*
- *Today, we have learnt how to solve problems involving computation of length.*
- *Remember; use the Four Steps Polya's Model to solve problems.*
- *You are encouraged to use as many methods as you can. For example, using a diagram, using number line, paper strips, strings, mental calculations or normal operation calculations.*
- *For further activities, please do the exercises in your Text Book. Have fun with Mathematics!*

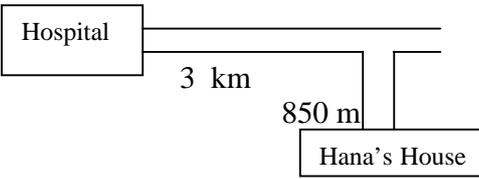
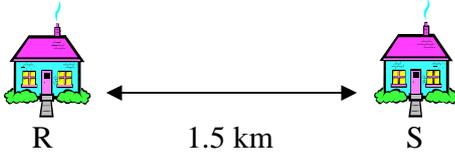
Further ActivitiesText book

1. Let's Work Together – Page 152
2. Let's Do It – Page 153
3. Let's Do It – Page 156
4. Let's Wrap Up – Page 157 and 158

**Worksheet** (Extract from *Masmatiks* pg 34&35)

*Solving daily problems*

<p>1</p>	<p>Diagram shows the length of a wire.</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">32.55 m</p> <p>The wire is cut equally into 7 parts. What is the length, in m, of each part?</p>	<p>4</p>	<p>Puan Eda needs 2.42 m of clothes to make 2 pieces of pillow sheets. How many metres are needed to make 10 pieces of pillow sheets of similar size?</p>
<p>2</p>	 <p>Diagram shows the length of two pencils. What is the difference in length, in cm, between pencil X and pencil Y?</p>	<p>5</p>	<p>Diagram shows two cylinders P and Q.</p>  <p>1.75 m      98 cm</p> <p>What is the total height, in m, of the cylinders?</p>
<p>3</p>	<p>Diagram shows a map of three villages; A, B and C.</p>  <p>Find the distance, in m, from A to B.</p>	<p>6</p>	<p>The length of a ribbon is 3.4 m. It is cut equally into five parts. What is the length, in cm, for each part?</p>

<p>7</p>	<p>Hotel Juli has 8 storeys. The height of each storey is 4.25 m. Find the height, in m, of the hotel.</p>	<p>10</p>	<p>Liza needs 1.8 m of cloth to make a dress. How many metres of cloth does she need to make 5 similar dresses?</p>
<p>8</p>	 <p>Diagram above shows a road map. What is the distance, in km, from Hana's house to the hospital?</p>	<p>11</p>	 <p>Diagram shows the distance between house R and house S. How many pipes are needed to make a pipeline linking the two houses if each pipe is only 3 m long?</p>
<p>9</p>	<p>Alia's height is 1.57 m. While Sheila's height is 9 cm less than Alia's. What is, in m, the height of Sheila?</p>	<p>12</p>	<p>A piece of cloth is 9 m long. <math>\frac{4}{5}</math> of the length has been used. What is the length, in m, that is not been used?</p>