## Unit 13

## Unit 13(a): Divide 2-Digit Numbers by 1-Digit Number Without Remainder.

## TEACHING AIDS

You will need:

1. Basic Multiplication Facts Table
2. Basic Division Facts Table

## TEACHING STEPS

1. Have pupils solve division of two digit numbers by one digit numbers (without remainder) using the Basic Multiplication Facts Table.

| $8 \div 2=$ | $28 \div 4=$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $14 \div 8=$ | $42 \div 6=$ |
| $24 \div 6=$ | $63 \div 9=$ |
| $27 \div 3=$ | $64 \div 8=$ |
| $30 \div 5=$ | $56 \div 7=$ |

2. Teacher shows division of 2 digit numbers by 1 digit number without remainder by subtracting successively, e.g.

$$
27 \div 9=\square
$$


3. Complete the number sentence:

$$
27 \div 9=3
$$

4. Have pupils solve the questions in step 1 by subtracting successively.
5. Teacher shows another way to divide a two digit number by a one digit number without remainder, e.g.

$$
21 \div 7=\square
$$


6. Complete the number sentence:

$$
27 \div 9=3
$$

7. Have pupils use the method in step 4 to solve the questions in step 1 .
8. Pupils do Worksheet 13(a).

## Worksheet 13(a)

Divide 2-Digit Numbers by 1-Digit Number Without Remainder

Name :
Date:
Solve these problems.
1)
$5 \longdiv { 9 0 }$
2)
$6 \longdiv { 9 6 }$
3)
$7 \longdiv { 8 4 }$
4)
$3 \longdiv { 7 2 }$
5)
$2 \longdiv { 3 0 }$
6)
$2 \longdiv { 5 0 }$
7)
$4 \longdiv { 1 2 }$
8)
$6 \longdiv { 9 5 }$
9)
$2 \longdiv { 3 2 }$
10)
$2 \longdiv { 6 0 }$
11)
$4 \longdiv { 9 6 }$
12)
$3 \longdiv { 2 6 }$

## Unit 13(b): Divide 2-Digit Numbers by 1 -Digit Number With Remainder.

## TEACHING AIDS

You will need:

1. Basic Multiplication Facts Table
2. Basic Division Facts Table

## TEACHING STEPS

1. Have pupils solve division of two digit numbers by one digit numbers (with remainder) using the Basic Multiplication Facts Table.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
9 \div 2= & 29 \div 4= \\
27 \div 8= & 45 \div 6= \\
28 \div 6= & 67 \div 9= \\
29 \div 3= & 69 \div 8= \\
33 \div 5= & 60 \div 7=
\end{array}
$$

2. Teacher shows division of 2 digit numbers by 1 digit number with remainder by subtracting successively, e.g.

$$
29 \div 9=\square
$$



Subtract 9 three times successively, 2 remainder
3. Complete the number sentence:

$$
29 \div 9=3 \text { remainder } 2
$$

4. Teacher shows another way to divide a two digit number by a one digit number with remainder, e.g.

$$
25 \div 7=\square
$$


5. Complete the number sentence:
$25 \div 7=3$ remainder 4
4.
5. Have pupils use the method in step 4 to solve the questions in step 1 .
6. Pupils do Worksheet 13 (b).

## Worksheet 13(b)

Divide 2-Digit Numbers by 1-Digit Number With Remainder.

Name :
Date:
Solve these problems.
1)
2)
$9 \longdiv { 1 4 }$
3)
$5 \longdiv { 4 8 }$
4)
$3 \longdiv { 2 9 }$
5)
$9 \longdiv { 4 4 }$
6)
$7 \longdiv { 9 3 }$
7)
$9 \longdiv { 3 9 }$
8)
$7 \longdiv { 3 1 }$
9)
$9 \longdiv { 5 3 }$

## Test 13

Name :
Solve these problems.
$\qquad$ $64 \div 8=$ $\qquad$ $28 \div 3=$ $\qquad$
$39 \div 3=$ $\qquad$
$72 \div 9=$ $\qquad$ $95 \div 5=$ $\qquad$
$48 \div 4=$ $\qquad$ $25 \div 3=$ $\qquad$ $39 \div 4=$ $\qquad$

$$
32 \div 7=
$$

$99 \div 7=$ $\qquad$ $50 \div 2=$ $\qquad$

$$
25 \div 8=
$$

$49 \div 6=$ $\qquad$ $31 \div 4=$ $\qquad$
$36 \div 9=$ $\qquad$ $84 \div 9=$ $\qquad$ $55 \div 6=$ $\qquad$
$83 \div 6=$ $\qquad$ $62 \div 7=$ $\qquad$ $75 \div 8=$ $\qquad$
$29 \div 5=$ $\qquad$ $86 \div 8=$ $\qquad$ $37 \div 3=$ $\qquad$
$30 \div 6=$ $\qquad$
$38 \div 6=$ $\qquad$ $47 \div 5=$ $\qquad$
$21 \div 7=$ $\qquad$ $35 \div 2=$ $\qquad$ $77 \div 7=$ $\qquad$

